

Covid-19 guidance February 2022

RA100 V2.9


IMPORTANT – please read this information before completing this risk assessment.

This is a model Covid-19 risk assessment and **MUST be adapted to reflect the significant hazards and control measures present in your site** This is a live document and it came into place on February 24th and whilst there is no longer a legal requirement for people with Covid-19, the updated published guidance outlines measures align with the previous legal requirement to manage risk. [COVID-19: people with COVID-19 and their contacts - GOV.UK \(www.gov.uk\)](https://www.gov.uk/guidance/covid-19-people-with-covid-19-and-their-contacts) Specific schools guidance is outlined in the updated [Contingency Framework](#) and [Operational Guidance](#)

The control measures listed **are prompts** and will not necessarily reflect those in all establishments and you **MUST** adapt it by adding (or removing) **and outlining in detail the control measures as appropriate to your establishment.**

If you need help to complete this risk assessment, please refer to HS47 (Risk Assessment Arrangements) or telephone the Devon Health & Safety Service on 01392 382027.

The public health advice via the DfE helpline will continue to the end of March 2022. However as prior to half term any mainstream schools will be directed to DCC public health to offer support. The Smart Survey ([smart survey link](#)) reporting has an additional comments section, and this is viewed by the education team, Early years teams, schools transport and the DCC public health team and so if a specific request for support is noted in this it will get the same response as calling the DfE helpline.

	Establishment/Department: Doddiscombsleigh Primary School	Establishment Risk Assessment	RA100 V2.9
	Address: Doddiscombsleigh Primary School, Doddiscombsleigh, Exeter, EX6 7PR		
Person(s)/Group at Risk Staff, Pupils, Visitors and Contractors		Date assessment completed: This document is to remain under constant review	
<p> This risk assessment explains the actions school leaders should take to minimise the risk of transmission of COVID-19 in their school Living with Covid February 2022 onwards. This includes public health advice, endorsed by UK Health Security Agency (UKHSA), or from the Southwest Directors of Public Health </p> <p> This risk assessment is generic and outlines control measures. Each school is responsible for reviewing and amending to ensure it is applicable to their setting and the latest government guidance <u>and must consult with their staff regarding the risks and control measures being implemented.</u> </p>		Assessor(s): Mrs Sophie Wiseman (Head of School)	

Up-date 25/02/2022 – changes to text to include new guidance	
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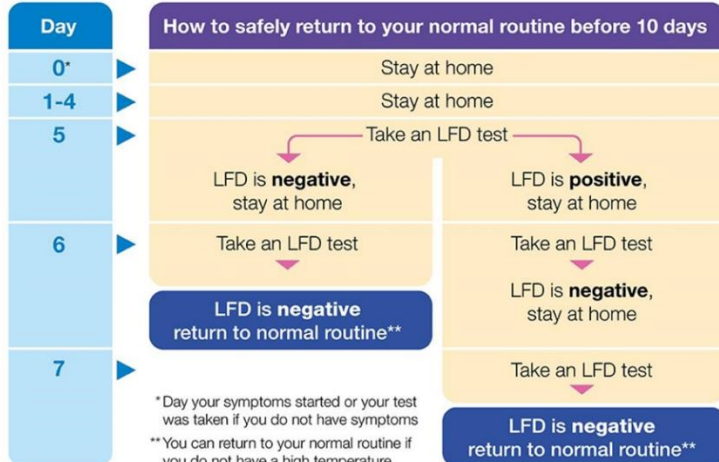
Significant Hazard Section	Control measures in place	Optional: School's comments re. mitigations put in place
Keep occupied spaces well ventilated	<i>Additional measures or actions not included in this column below should be put in the assessor's recommendations at the end of this document</i>	
<p>Poorly ventilated spaces leading to risks of coronavirus spreading Ventilation to reduce transmission</p> <p>Health and Safety Executive guidance on air conditioning and ventilation during the coronavirus outbreak and CIBSE COVID-19 advice provides more information. DfE is working with the Scientific Advisory Group for Emergencies (SAGE) and NHS England on a pilot project to measure CO2 levels in classrooms and exploring options to help improve ventilation in settings where needed.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Ventilation and AC systems working optimally.</i> • <i>Heating used as necessary to ensure comfort levels are maintained when the building is occupied.</i> • <i>Keep windows open wide enough to provide some natural background ventilation and open internal doors to increase air flow.</i> • <i>Open windows fully when rooms are unoccupied for longer periods to purge the air (e.g. lunch times and before and after school).</i> • <i>Action taken to prevent occupants being exposed to draughts. For example, partially open high-level windows as opposed to low-level windows, close external doors and arrange the furniture if appropriate and possible.</i> • <i>Use fans for good air circulation.</i> • <i>Air conditioning systems that normally run with a recirculation mode set up to run on full outside air.</i> • <i>Ventilation's system that removes and recirculates air to different rooms is turned off.</i> • <i>Ventilation system remains on at all times, even when the building is unoccupied. The system set to operate at lower ventilation rates during evenings and weekends.</i> • <i>Occupants encouraged to wear additional, suitable indoor clothing. (If they have to wear coats, scarves and other outdoor clothing the room would be considered too cold, and the above steps must be considered).</i> • <i>Ensure staff meetings and insets are in rooms with suitable and sufficient ventilation</i> <p><i>A robust risk assessment process should include the following:</i></p>	<p>All windows and doors around the school will be kept open when possible to ensure good ventilation, especially at break and lunchtimes.</p> <p>CO2 monitors are used to ensure that rooms are adequately ventilated and results of these are recorded daily.</p> <p>No ventilation systems on the school premises.</p> <p>Staff meetings to be held in Oak Class, the largest room in the school.</p> <p>Acorn Class ventilation: 11 children, 2 adults All 3 windows will be opened Patio doors to the outdoor area will be open when necessary.</p> <p>Oak Class ventilation: 16 children, 2 adults All 7 windows will be opened Main 2 doors to the classroom will be open, including the cloakroom door and main door leading to the playground to ensure maximum airflow and ventilation.</p>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>How is each room in the establishment being ventilated?</i> • <i>How many people are going to be using the room – more people greater the risk</i> • <i>What activities are being done in that room – lots of people talking, shouting, more risk</i> • <i>CO2 monitors are only a tool to identify poorly ventilated areas – they are not to be used as a mechanism to ‘measure safe thresholds’ and to be used with the HSE suitability chart.</i> • <i>DfE guide Ventilation - Google Drive</i> • <i>Risk assessment video link https://youtu.be/hkK_LZeUGXM</i> • <i>Simple resource to support schools with ventilation and CO2 monitoring: CoSchools - tools for healthy schools</i> <p><i>It is advisable to use a thermometer to monitor temperatures where opening windows and doors is being used as a mechanism to aid ventilation. For more information on suitable workplace temperatures see HSE: Guidance on temperature in the workplace</i></p>	<p>Hall 27 children, maximum 7 staff All 4 windows will be open Main door will be open, including the cloakroom door and door which leads to the playground to ensure maximum airflow and ventilation.</p> <p>Office, staff room & library block Maximum 4 staff All windows will be open, and doors when appropriate to ensure maximum ventilation.</p> <p>N/A re: air conditioning/ ventilation systems – none on site</p>
<p>Maintain appropriate cleaning regimes</p>		
<p>You should put in place and maintain an appropriate cleaning schedule.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Reduced clutter and removing difficult to clean items to make cleaning easier.</i> • <i>Cleaning using standard cleaning products such as detergents and bleach, paying attention to all surfaces but especially ones that are touched frequently, such as door handles, light switches, work surfaces, remote controls and electronic devices.</i> • <i>Surfaces that are frequently touched and by many people in common areas to be cleaned twice a day.</i> • <i>Avoid sharing work equipment by allocating it on a personal basis or put cleaning regimes in place to clean between each user.</i> • <i>Identify where you can reduce people touching surfaces, for example by leaving doors open (except fire doors) or providing contactless payment.</i> • <i>Keep surfaces clear to make it easier to clean and reduce the likelihood of contaminating objects.</i> • <i>Provide more bins and empty them more often.</i> • <i>Toilets and communal areas to be cleaned regularly, with a</i> 	<p>All areas/surfaces kept tidy with minimal objects/clutter on them to ensure easy access for cleaning.</p> <p>Thorough daily cleaning schedule in place (See separate Churchill RA)</p> <p>Additional cleaning of frequently touched surfaces (desks, switches and door handles) carried out at lunchtimes.</p> <p>3 x bins in each classroom provided – paper, general and tissues (lidded bins)</p> <p>Toilets and communal areas cleaned by Churchill at the end of each day – see login book in staff room</p>

	<p><i>process of recording – displaying cleaning schedules.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Sanitising spray and paper towels to be provided in classrooms for use by members of staff. If using cloths – disposable or appropriate washing and drying process.</i> <p><i>Thorough cleaning of rooms at the end of the day. This should include regular cleaning of areas and equipment (for example, twice per day), with a particular focus on frequently touched surfaces.</i></p> <p><i>UKHSA has published guidance on the cleaning of non-healthcare settings</i></p>	
<p>Ensure good hygiene for everyone</p>		
<p>Key control measures</p>	<p>Key messages: Control measures to remain in schools to reduce risk:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Ensure good hygiene for everyone. ○ Maintain appropriate cleaning regimes. ○ Keep occupied spaces well ventilated. ○ Follow public health advice on testing, self-isolation and managing confirmed cases of COVID-19 <p>Face coverings are no longer advised for pupils, staff and visitors in classrooms or communal areas. Staff and pupils should follow wider advice on face coverings outside of school, including on transport to and from school. (The legal requirement to wear a face covering no longer applies. However, the government suggests that you continue to wear a face covering in crowded and enclosed spaces where you may come into contact with people you do not normally meet).</p> <p>Respiratory hygiene The ‘catch it, bin it, kill it’ approach continues to be very important. The e-Bug COVID-19 website contains free resources for you, including materials to encourage good hand and respiratory hygiene. There are good hygiene measures that can be used in:</p> <p>https://www.england.nhs.uk/south/wp-content/uploads/sites/6/2021/08/spotty-book-2021.pdf</p> <p>https://www.england.nhs.uk/south/info-professional/public-</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Doddi has always been one bubble and will remain the same, reducing mixing when possible. Our two classes will come together for assemblies, playtimes and lunchtimes. • Children will continue to wash their hands when they arrive at school, regularly throughout the day, before and after break times and eating and before going home. • Hand sanitiser pumps located outside each classroom. • Catch it, bin it, kill it posters displayed around school and children will be reminded about this in assemblies/class • Tissues in all classes, the library and office • Pupils are regularly reminded about hand washing and coughing/sneezing. • Staff are recommended to wear face coverings at drop off and collection times if they are close to parents. • Parents are asked to wear masks at drop off and collection times although this can only be advisory

	health/infection-winter/schools-and-nurseries-guidance/ DCC Health and Safety Arrangements: - Infection Control HS26	
Conditions for use of fluid resistant face mask and other equipment when dealing with a symptomatic child are clear and understood by staff.	<p>If a child, young person or other learner becomes unwell with symptoms of coronavirus while in their setting and needs direct personal care until they can return home a face mask should be worn by the supervising adult if a distance of 2 meters cannot be maintained.</p> <p>If contact with the child or young person is necessary, then gloves, an apron and a face mask should be worn by the supervising adult. If a risk assessment determines that there is a risk of splashing to the eyes, for example from coughing, spitting, or vomiting, then eye protection should also be worn Ensuring that fluid resistant face masks are available for all schools and that a supply is maintained.</p> <p>https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/safe-working-in-education-childcare-and-childrens-social-care/safe-working-in-education-childcare-and-childrens-social-care-settings-including-the-use-of-personal-protective-equipment-ppe</p>	<p>This guidance will be followed if a child becomes unwell with Covid symptoms.</p> <p>The library will continue to be the isolation room until the children can be collected.</p>
Staff use of PPE	<p>Pupils whose care routinely already involves the use of PPE due to their intimate care needs will continue to receive their care in the same way. Follow guidance</p> <p>https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/safe-working-in-education-childcare-and-childrens-social-care/safe-working-in-education-childcare-and-childrens-social-care-settings-including-the-use-of-personal-protective-equipment-ppe</p>	<p>This guidance will be followed.</p>
Self-isolation – staff/pupils:	<p>If someone develops symptoms or has a positive test result the guidance still advises people to stay at home to avoid passing the infection on to others. There is no longer a legal requirement for people with COVID-19 to isolate BUT public health guidance STILL advises people to stay home for 10 days (or until have 2 negative LFDs on consecutive days from day 5)</p>	<p>This guidance will be followed and this message will be communicated with all parties; staff and families/parents</p>
Symptoms	<p>Deliver strong messaging about signs and symptoms of Covid-19.</p> <p>Children who are unwell should not attend the setting and should remain at home until their acute symptoms resolve (+24 hours for a fever).</p>	<p>This message will be communicated to parents and staff during the first week back (WB: 28.02.2022)</p>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • IF these symptoms develop into cough, temperature, changes to taste and smell, should isolate and test. • IF test negative to COVID-19, still need to remain at home until at least 24 fever free and acute symptoms resolved. <p>Parents and settings should not try and ‘second guess’ diagnosis – if have the key symptoms, isolate and test.</p> <p><i>Examples of acute symptoms with which children should not attend school/nursery include fever, muscle aches, hacking cough.</i></p> <p>The school’s operational guidance outlines that in most cases parents and carers agree that a pupil with the key symptoms should not attend the school given the potential risk to others.</p> <p>If a parent or carer insists on a pupil attending your school as a confirmed or suspected case of Covid-19, you can take the decision to refuse the pupil if, in your reasonable judgement, it is necessary to protect other pupils and staff from possible infection with Covid-19.</p> <p>We advise schools to communicate this to parents and encourage parents to follow the latest guidance around isolation if symptomatic.</p>	
Close contacts	<p>Close contacts are no longer required to self-isolate or advised to take daily tests and contact tracing has ended. Routine contact tracing (provided by NHS Test and Trace) has now ended, and close contacts will no longer be required to self-isolate or advised to take daily LFD tests. People with COVID-19 will be encouraged to inform their close contacts, Household and overnight contacts advised to take additional precautions for 10 days</p>	This guidance will be followed and communicated

	<p style="text-align: center;">How to safely return to your normal routine before 10 days</p>  <p>Day</p> <p>0* Stay at home</p> <p>1-4 Stay at home</p> <p>5 Take an LFD test</p> <p>LFD is negative, stay at home</p> <p>LFD is positive, stay at home</p> <p>6 Take an LFD test</p> <p>LFD is negative, return to normal routine**</p> <p>LFD is negative, stay at home</p> <p>7 Take an LFD test</p> <p>LFD is negative, return to normal routine**</p> <p><small>*Day your symptoms started or your test was taken if you do not have symptoms</small></p> <p><small>**You can return to your normal routine if you do not have a high temperature</small></p>	
<p>Testing:</p>	<p>PCR testing is still currently available for anyone with Covid-19 symptoms.</p> <p>Regular asymptomatic testing of staff and pupils in mainstream secondary schools will not be expected to continue. Any outstanding test orders from the DfE will now not be delivered.</p> <p>Staff and pupils in specialist SEND settings, Alternative Provision, and SEND units in mainstream schools are advised to continue regular twice weekly testing. For further information, see SEND and specialist settings: additional COVID-19 operational guidance (publishing.service.gov.uk).</p> <p>In the event of an outbreak, a school may also be advised by their local health team or director of public health to undertake testing for staff and students of secondary age and above for a period of time. This would only be as an exceptional measure and any tests schools have currently should be kept in case, they are needed for this. If schools do not have tests available, they will be able to be ordered from the DfE for use if in response to an outbreak.</p>	<p>This guidance will be followed and communicated</p>

Dealing with outbreak.	Schools are required to update their contingency plan (or outbreak management plan) and describe how they will respond if children, pupils, or staff test positive for COVID-19, how they will operate if they are advised to reintroduce any measures to help break chains of transmission	This guidance will be followed
Thresholds - most settings, it will make sense to think about taking extra action if they face severe operational disruption to face-to-face education, however thresholds for when to consider seeking further advice:	For most education and childcare settings may consider seeking advice when: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • a higher than previously experienced and/or rapidly increasing number of staff or student absences due to COVID-19 infection • evidence of severe disease due to COVID-19, for example if a pupil, student, child or staff member is admitted to hospital due to COVID-19 • a cluster of cases where there are concerns about the health needs of vulnerable staff or students within the affected group 	This guidance will be followed
For special schools, alternative provision, SEND/AP units within schools and colleges, open and secure children's homes and settings that operate with 20 or fewer children, pupils, students and staff at any one time, may consider when:	2 children, pupils, students, and staff, who are likely to have mixed closely, test positive for COVID-19 within a 10-day period and/or there are concerns about the health needs of vulnerable individuals within the affected group	N/A
Outbreak Key principles:	<p>The school to maximise the number of children and young people in face-to-face education or childcare and minimise any disruption, while protecting those most vulnerable to increased risk from COVID-19.</p> <p>Any benefits in managing COVID-19 risk should be weighed against any educational drawbacks and the additional measures described in this guidance should be considered only in exceptional circumstances and be time limited, to minimise disruption to face-to-face education and protect the most vulnerable.</p> <p>Measures should affect the minimum number of children for the shortest time</p> <p>attendance restrictions advised as a last resort only – neither contacts or sibling of positive cases should be asked to isolate under normal</p>	This guidance will be followed

<p>Contingency Planning (Outbreak management) Contingency Framework</p>	<p>circumstances.</p> <p>In addition to day-to-day control measures, additional 'outbreak control measures' may be advised by DsPH (or their teams) or UKHSA Health Protection Team following an individual risk assessment.</p> <p>Measures may include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Warn and inform information to setting, or group within the setting. • Measures to promote social distancing, reduce crowding or inter-group mixing • Measures to reduce mixing of staff • Temporary limits on visits in and out of setting (e.g. performances, educational visits) • Temporary reintroduction of face coverings in communal areas and/or classrooms • One off targeted outbreak testing of staff and pupils/students (in yr 7 and above). This may include temporary onsite LFD testing in SEND settings, • Attendance restrictions 	
<p>Pupil /staff related issues</p>	<p>Settings should continue to encourage coronavirus (COVID-19) vaccination uptake for eligible students and staff.</p>	
<p>Vulnerable groups who are clinically, extremely vulnerable.</p>	<p><i>Following successful roll-out of vaccine programme + rapid access to therapeutics for those at highest risk, people previously considered clinically extremely vulnerable (CEV) will not be advised to shield again. People at higher risk advised to follow same guidance as everyone else with additional advice available here COVID-19: guidance for people whose immune system means they are at higher risk - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)/ Guidance for people previously considered clinically extremely vulnerable from COVID-19 GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)</i></p>	<p>N/A at present, but if necessary, this guidance would be followed</p>
<p>Assessment of all staff, including high risk staff with vulnerable / shielding family member,</p>	<p><i>A risk assessment should be undertaken with clinically extremely vulnerable and clinically vulnerable. A risk assessment should also be undertaken (or reviewed/updated if one was previously undertaken)</i></p>	<p>This guidance will be followed</p>

underlying health conditions or other risk factors	with staff who may be anxious about returning to school and/or due to the increased numbers. The 'Risk assessment for all staff including vulnerable groups' can be used to aid and record this assessment - https://devoncc.sharepoint.com/:w:/s/PublicDocs/Education/ESoXeZkAQyILupPG5VVG6yQB2iEFDD4pgkko5gBbtOSEkw?e=040Qiy	
Pregnant staff	Coronavirus (COVID-19): advice for pregnant employees - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk) - should have a risk assessment in place: Coronavirus (COVID-19) infection and pregnancy (rcog.org.uk) can support risk assessment. - a more precautionary approach advised for those >28 weeks pregnant or for individuals with underlying health conditions that place them at greater risk.	This guidance will be followed
Transport		
Travel and quarantine	Where pupils travel from abroad to attend a boarding school, you will need to explain the rules to pupils and their parents before they travel to the UK. All pupils travelling to England must adhere to travel legislation , details of which are set out in government travel advice . Additional guidance has been issued on the quarantine arrangements for boarding school pupils travelling from red-list countries to attend a boarding school in England .	N/A
Transport to/from school	There is no longer a legal requirement to wear a face covering but the government suggests people continue to wear one in crowded and enclosed spaces where they may come into contact with people they do not normally meet You may wish to consider, in light of this advice, whether to ask children and young people aged 11 and over to continue to wear face coverings on dedicated school and college transport. Dedicated transport to schools and colleges COVID-19 operational guidance (publishing.service.gov.uk)	N/A
Curriculum considerations		

Educational visits	<p><i>You should undertake full and thorough risk assessments in relation to all educational visits and ensure that any public health advice, such as hygiene and ventilation requirements, is included as part of that risk assessment. General guidance about educational visits is available and is supported by specialist advice from the Outdoor Education Advisory Panel (OEAP).</i></p>	<p>This guidance will be followed and EVOLVE risk assessments will be completed before any trips.</p>
Resources		
	<p>DfE daily email- DfE - COVID daily email subscription service (office.com) Posters and promotional material - https://coronavirusresources.UKHSA.gov.uk/back-to-school/resources/</p> <p>NHS resources and videos</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 🕒 Handwashing for teachers 🕒 Handwashing for children 🕒 Coronavirus factsheet for kids 🕒 PPE Donning and Doffing advice <p>Other resources and videos</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 🕒 COVID-19: the facts Scouts 🕒 eBug https://e-bug.eu/ 🕒 UKHSA webcast - Breaking the chain of infection 	
Oversight of the governing body		
<p>Governor oversight during the COVID-19 outbreaks.</p>	<p><i>The governing body agendas are structured to ensure all statutory requirements are discussed and school leaders are held to account for their implementation. The Headteacher's report to governors includes content and updates on how the school is continuing to meet its statutory obligations in addition to covering the school's response to COVID-19 outbreaks Regular dialogue with the Chair of Governors and those governors with designated responsibilities is in place. Minutes of governing body meetings are reviewed to ensure that they accurately record governors' oversight and holding leaders to account for areas of statutory responsibility.</i></p>	<p>Head of School report to Governors includes Covid updates and the updated risk assessments are always shared with the link Governors.</p>

Section	List Actions / Additional Control Measures	Date action to be carried out	Person Responsible
Symptoms	Updated communication to be sent to parents with the updated guidance	WB 28.02.2022	SW (HoS)
Symptoms	Updated communication to be sent to staff with the updated guidance	WB 28.02.2022	SW (HoS)
Oversight of the governing body	Risk Assessment to be shared with the link Governor, USF Governing Body	WB 28.02.2022	SW (HoS)

Signed: Head Teacher: Sophie Wiseman

Date 28.02.2022

The outcome of this assessment should be shared with the relevant staff and Governing Body.
A copy of the completed assessment to be kept on file and copied to the Health & Safety Co-ordinator.